

## **Plant Variety Rights**

Guidance on What Businesses Need to Do to Apply for Plant Variety Rights and Market Plant Reproductive Material, Seeds, and Other Propagating Material from January 1, 2021

October 26, 2020

The MHRA has published new <u>guidance</u> titled "Plant variety rights and marketing plant reproductive material from 1 January 2021."

The guidance covers the following matters:

- Plant variety rights: After January 1, 2021 for new plant varieties you must apply separately in the UK and the EU
  - o **UK protection:** Apply to the Animal and Plant Health Agency
  - EU protection: Apply to the Community Plant Variety Office
    - The EU will continue to recognise EU plant variety rights granted to all breeders before January 1, 2021
- Marketing plant reproductive material in the EU: The EU will not accept UK-certified plant reproductive material
- Fruit propagating material: The EU will not accept UK-certified material
- Seed potatoes: Cannot be exported from the UK to the EU
- Marketing EU plant reproductive material in the UK:
  - Normal international trading rules will be applied to the following:
    - seed, vegetable seed, and other propagating material
    - fruit propagating and planting material
    - ornamental species
    - forest reproductive material
- Marketing UK-certified plant reproductive material in the UK:
  - Comply with the current marketing regulations
  - o Maintain identity, labelling, and control assurances
- Distinctiveness, uniformity, and stability (DUS) tests:
  - o EU: Will not accept UK DUS tests
  - UK: Will continue to accept EU DUS reports if they are of comparable quality to UK
    DUS reports (subject to the below exception)



- The UK will only accept DUS reports from the following approved UK science organisations for agricultural species currently tested by them: Agri-Food and Biosciences Institute; National Institute of Agricultural Botany; Science and Advice for Scottish Agriculture
- Ornamental species: The EU does not grant equivalence to a third country; however, businesses can trade material freely, subject to plant health, labelling, and country of origin requirements
  - o The variety must be on a supplier's list and accepted in an EU member state